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**Crawley Borough Council** 

# Cabinet

# Agenda for the **Cabinet** which will be held in **Committee Room C - New Town Hall**, on **Wednesday, 8 March 2023** at **7.00 pm**

Nightline Telephone No. 07881 500 227

Antufeal

**Chief Executive** 

Membership:	
Councillors	

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The order of business may change at the Chair's discretion

# Part A Business (Open to the Public)

		Pages
1.	Apologies for Absence	
2.	Disclosures of Interest	
	In accordance with the Council's Code of Conduct, councillors are reminded that it is a requirement to declare interests where appropriate.	
3.	Minutes	5 - 14
	To approve as a correct record the minutes of the Cabinet held on 1 February 2023.	
4.	Public Question Time	
	To answer any questions asked by the public which are relevant to the functions of the Cabinet.	
	Public Question Time will be concluded by the Chair when all questions have been answered or on the expiry of a period of 15 minutes, whichever is the earlier.	
5.	Further Notice of Intention to Conduct Business in Private and Notifications of any Representations	
	The Monitoring Officer will report on any responses to representations received in relation to why item(s) 9: Waste and Recycling Contract Extension should not be held in Part B Business – (Closed to the Public).	
6.	Matters referred to the Cabinet and Report from the Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Commission	
	To consider any matters referred to the Cabinet (whether by a scrutiny committee or by the Council) and those for reconsideration in accordance with the provisions contained in the Scrutiny Procedure Rules, the Budget Procedure Rules and the Policy Framework Procedure Rules set out in Part 4 of the Council's Constitution.	
7.	Tenancy Policy Crawley Homes	15 - 32
	Housing Portfolio	
	To consider report CH/199 of the Head of Crawley Homes, which was referred to the meeting of the Overview and Scrutiny Commission on 6 March 2023.	

Pages

# 8. Exempt Information – Exclusion of the Public (Subject to Agenda Item 5)

The Committee is asked to consider passing the following resolution:-

That under Section 100A (4) of the Local Government Act 1972 the public be excluded from the meeting for the following item of business on the grounds that it involves the likely disclosure of exempt information as defined in Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Act by virtue of the paragraphs specified against the item.

# Part B Business (Closed to the Public)

# 9. Waste and Recycling Contract Extension

33 - 38

Environmental Services and Sustainability Portfolio

Exempt Paragraph 3 Information relating to the financial or business affairs of any particular person (including the authority holding that information)

To consider report HPS/34 of the Head of Major Projects and Commercial Services, which was referred to the meeting of the Overview and Scrutiny Commission held on 6 March 2023.

# 10. Supplemental Agenda

Any urgent item(s) complying with Section 100(B) of the Local Government Act 1972.

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Cabinet (55) 1 February 2023

# **Crawley Borough Council**

# **Minutes of Cabinet**

# Wednesday, 1 February 2023 at 7.00 pm

# **Councillors Present:**

M G Jones (Chair)	Leader of the Council
S Buck	Cabinet Member for Housing
G S Jhans	Cabinet Member for Environmental Services and Sustainability
C J Mullins	Deputy Leader of the Council and Cabinet Member for Wellbeing
S Mullins	Cabinet Member for Public Protection and Community Engagement
A Nawaz	Cabinet Member for Planning and Economic Development

### Also in Attendance:

Councillor T G Belben, R D Burrett and D Crow

# **Officers Present:**

Natalie Brahma-Pearl	Chief Executive
Siraj Choudhury	Head of Governance, People & Performance
Chris Pedlow	Democracy & Data Manager
Paul Windust	Chief Accountant
Elizabeth Brigden	Planning Policy Manager
Sallie Lappage	Forward Planning Manager
Nigel Sheehan	Head of Projects and Commercial Services
Clem Smith	Head of Economy and Planning

# Apologies for Absence:

Councillor S Malik

# 1. Disclosures of Interest

No disclosures of interests were made.

# 2. Minutes

The minutes of the meeting of the Cabinet held on 23 November 2022 were approved as a correct record and signed by the Leader.

# 3. Public Question Time

There were no questions from the public.

### 4. Matters referred to the Cabinet and Report from the Chair of the Overview and Scrutiny Commission

It was confirmed that no matters had been referred to the Cabinet for further consideration.

### 5. Crawley Borough Local Plan Review: Publication and Submission

The Cabinet Member for Planning and Economic Development presented report <u>PES/427</u> of the Head of Economy and Planning. The new Crawley Local Plan had been prepared based on the outcomes of monitoring the implementation of the 2015 adopted Local Plan, feedback from previous stages of formal public consultations and updated from the supporting technical evidence base. Following Full Council held on 16 December 2020 which approved the Draft Local Plan for Publication and Submission, formal public consultation took place from early January until the end of June 2021.

Progression of the Local Plan to Submission was subsequently delayed due to the work required in order to meet the Habitats Regulations specifically in relation to water supply constraints. Due to this, a number of key changes, which account for the impact of "water neutrality" and associated time delay, had been made to the draft Local Plan. On this basis, the amended draft Plan will be considered again at Full Council.

Following this, a further stage of Regulation 19 Publication Consultation will take place. It is supported by a number of statutory supporting documents (a Local Plan Map, a Sustainability Appraisal, a Habitats Regulations Assessment and a Consultation Statement).

The report requested Cabinet to recommend to Full Council approval of the submission draft Local Plan for public consultation (a statutory six-week period of), commencing 9 May 2023. In addition, was the recommendation to Full Council to approve the submission draft Local Plan for Submission to the Secretary of State for Examination by an independent Planning Inspector, subject to minor amendments deemed necessary following consultation for the purposes of clarity, together with the recommendation to Full Council for approval of the publication and submission of the supporting documents for the Local Plan. These included the Local Plan Map; the Sustainability Appraisal; the Habitats Regulations Assessment; the Consultation Statement; and the detailed technical evidence base documents necessary for supporting the Local Plan through Examination.

Councillor T Belben presented the Overview and Scrutiny Commission's comments on the report <u>OSC/308</u> to the Cabinet following consideration of the matter at its meeting on 30 January 2023.

#### RESOLVED

That the Cabinet:

a) delegates the following authority to the Head of Economy and Planning in consultation with the Cabinet Member for Planning and Economic Development

(Generic Delegation 5 will be used to enact these recommendations):

- i factual amendments and minor modifications to the Local Plan necessary in accordance with national policy and updated evidence for the purposes of clarity and accuracy.
- ii to approval of updates or additions to the supporting documents for the Local Plan and technical evidence base documents to support the Local Plan through Examination.
- b) requests that the Full Council to approve:
  - i the submission draft Local Plan for Publication consultation (a statutory six-week period of public consultation), commencing 9 May 2023.
  - ii the submission draft Local Plan for Submission to the Secretary of State for Examination by an independent Planning Inspector, subject to minor amendments deemed necessary following the above consultation for the purposes of clarity and accuracy.
  - iii publication and submission of the supporting documents for the Local Plan: the Local Plan Map; the Sustainability Appraisal; the Habitats Regulations Assessment; the Consultation Statement; and the detailed technical evidence base documents necessary for supporting the Local Plan through Examination.

#### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

National Government guidance expects local planning authorities to produce up-todate Local Plans for their areas, setting out the strategic priorities for the area over a 15-year timescale and showing how development needs will be met. The Crawley Borough Local Plan was adopted by Full Council on 16 December 2015. It covers the period 2015 – 2030 and provides the borough's full planning policies for the purposes of development management decisions.

A full Local Plan Review is being undertaken to ensure the borough maintains up to date planning policies. A draft Local Plan has been considered and approved by the Council previously at the meetings of the Full Council held on 16 December 2019 and 16 December 2020. It had to be considered a second time in December 2020 due to advice relating to the government's aviation policy, which required us to reinstate most of the land safeguarded for an additional runway to the south of Gatwick Airport.

Unexpected critical legal matters relating to water supply and its potential impacts on internationally protected habitat sites have caused additional work and substantial delays to the progression of the Local Plan whilst being resolved. However, there is now sufficient information available to address these concerns through the Local Plan Review. As a consequence, Cabinet approval is being sought to refer the revised

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Local Plan and supporting documentation to Full Council, seeking approval to undertake a further period of Regulation 19 consultation prior to submission of the final draft Plan to an Inspector for examination in public.

# 6. 2023-2024 Budget and Council Tax

The Leader presented reports FIN/606 and FIN606A of the Chief Executive and Chief Accountant (s151 officer). The Council had a statutory responsibility to set a Council Tax and Budget in advance of the commencement of the new financial year. It was noted that the report detailed each of the Revenue, Capital and Housing Revenue Accounts that combine together to formulate 'The Budget'. In proposing the level of Council Tax for the Financial Year 2023/24, each of those accounts identified had been considered. The proposed Council Tax for 2023/24 was to be increased by 2.99%. In presenting the report the Leader highlighted the proposal to use £261,970 from the General Fund reserve, the proposal to increase the capital budget for Crawley Homes retrofit schemes by £900,000 to assist with water neutrality and the expenditure on capital projects.

The Leader also detailed the additional recommendations contained within the supplementary agenda which proposes to increase the capital programme for temporary accommodation by £1,150,000 to £9,548,258 and the budget for acquisitions of Land and Dwellings by £10,000,000. It was noted that the reasons for both additional proposals were to allow the Council to maximise any opportunities to help tackle the increasing pressures on the Council's budget in respect of temporary accommodation and the need for affordable housing.

Councillor T Belben presented the Overview and Scrutiny Commission's comments on the report <u>OSC/308</u> to the Cabinet following consideration of the matter at its meeting on 30 January 2023, which including acknowledging the serious impact of the cost of homelessness was and would be having on the Council finances in the next couple of years.

Councillors C Mullins, Jhans, and S Mullins spoke as part of the discussion on the report.

#### RESOLVED

That the Full Council be recommended to approve the following items regarding the 2023/2024 Budget:

- a) approve the proposed 2023/24 General Fund Budget which includes using £261,970 of general fund reserve and includes savings rolled forward from the current financial year as set out in section 6 of report <u>FIN/606</u>,
- approve the proposed 2023/24 Housing Revenue Account Budget as set out in Appendix 3 of the report which includes the savings and growth items as set out in section 10 of report <u>FIN/606</u>,
- c) agree to increase the capital budget for Crawley Homes retrofit schemes by £900,000 to assist with water neutrality, funded from the HRA but reimbursed by developers to carry out further retrofitting works on Council's housing stock and new-build schemes (para 11.3 of report <u>FIN/606</u>). In addition that authority be delegated to the Head of Crawley Homes, the Head of Corporate Finance, and the Head of Governance, People & Performance; in consultation with the

Leader of the Council and the Cabinet Member for Housing, to enter into the necessary contracts, and complete all relevant legal documentation to achieve the above recommendation

(Generic Delegation 2 and 3 will be used to enact this recommendation).

- d) increase the capital programme by £129,950 funded from Government grant for the Town Centre DHN Phase 2 extended feasibility. An increase of £184,950 for the DHN and a reduction of £55,000 for the Town Centre Capital programme (para 11.5 of report <u>FIN/606</u>).
- e) approve the 2022/23 and future years Capital Programme and funding as set out in paragraph 11.6 of report <u>FIN/606</u>,
- f) agree the transfers between reserves as outlined in Section 12 of report <u>FIN/606</u>, this includes creating a Cost of Living reserve.
- g) agree that the Council's share of Council Tax for 2023/24 be increased by 2.99% (£6.55) from £218.79 to £225.34 for a band D property as set out in paragraph 13.1 of report <u>FIN/606</u>,
- approve the Pay Policy Statement for 2023/2024 as outlined in paragraph 16.3 and Appendix 6 of the of report <u>FIN/606</u>, noting that the pay award has yet to be agreed,
- i) approve that the S151 Officer (in consultation with the Chief Executive and Leader of the Council) be delegated authority to make minor amendments to the Hardship Policy (under Generic Delegation 7).
- agree to increase the capital budget for Temporary Accommodation by £1,150,000, funded from grant funding of £474,000 and borrowing of 676,000 as detailed in report <u>FIN606A</u>.
- agree to increase the capital budget for Acquisitions of Land and Dwellings by £10,000,000 funded from 1-4-1 receipts £4,000,000 and borrowing of £6,000,000 as detailed in report <u>FIN606A</u>

#### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

To provide adequate funding for the proposed level of services and to fulfil the statutory requirement to set a Budget and Council Tax and report on the robustness of estimates.

# 7. 2022/2023 Budget Monitoring - Quarter 3

The Leader presented report <u>FIN/607</u> of the Chief Executive and Chief Accountant (s151 officer) on the Quarter 3 budget monitoring, which set out a summary of the Council's actual revenue and capital spending for the quarters to December 2022 together with the main variations from the approved spending levels and impact on future budgets. It was added that the Council had made significant in year savings.

Councillor T Belben presented the Overview and Scrutiny Commission's comments on the report OSC/308 to the Cabinet following consideration of the matter at its meeting on 30 January 2023, which included, recognising that the deficit on the HRA had increased from £218,000 to £1.019m, mostly all due to the forecast overspend on



responsive repairs of £800,000. £350,000 of this was due to weather-related repairs, but the rest was due to increased material costs and the poor condition of properties being returned.

Councillors S Mullins and C Mullins spoke as part of the discussion on the report.

#### RESOLVED

That the Cabinet approves to the projected outturn for the year 2022/2023 as summarised in this report  $\frac{FIN/607}{2}$ .

#### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

To report to Members on the projected outturn for the year compared to the approved budget.

#### 8. Treasury Management Strategy 2023-2024

The Leader presented reports <u>FIN/608</u> and <u>FIN608a</u> reports of the Chief Executive and Chief Accountant (s151 officer) on the Treasury Management Strategy for 2023/2024 which the Council was required to approve before the start of the financial year in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management and the Council's financial regulations.

Councillor T Belben presented the Overview and Scrutiny Commission's comments on the report <u>OSC/308</u> to the Cabinet following consideration of the matter at its meeting on 30 January 2023, which included requesting for further acronyms to be documented within finance reports, together with an explanation where appropriate.

Councillor Buck spoke as part of the discussion on the report including supporting the Commission's request to have a breakdown of acronyms within reports to aid Members consideration of the certainly financial reports. The Leader confirmed he would speak to Officers over the best way to address this matter for future reports.

#### RESOLVED

The Cabinet agrees to amend the prudential indicators in the Treasury Management Strategy 2023/2024 (FIN/608) as set out in Section 4 of report FIN608a before considering the recommendations contain within it.

That the Full Council be recommended to approve the following items:

- a) the Treasury Prudential Indicators and the Minimum Revenue Provision (MRP) Statement contained within Section 5.4 of report <u>FIN/608</u>.
- b) the Treasury Management Strategy contained within Section 6 of report FIN/608.
- c) the Investment Strategy contained within Section 7 of report FIN/608.
- the amended the prudential indicators in the Treasury Management Strategy 2023/2024 (<u>FIN/608</u>) as set out in Section 4 of report <u>FIN608a</u>

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#### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

The Council's financial regulations, in accordance with the CIPFA Code of Practice for Treasury Management, requires a Treasury Management Strategy to be approved for the forthcoming financial year. This report complies with these requirements.

### 9. Corporate Debt Policy

The Leader presented report FIN/610 of the Chief Executive and Chief Accountant (s151 officer). The report proposes the adoption of a new Corporate Debt Policy. The policy details that the Council had a duty to ensure that it collects income and recovers debt efficiently and effectively to ensure it fulfils its financial responsibilities to its citizens and maximises its capacity to provide local services. It also details that the Council where possible would be proactively trying to prevent residents' Council relate debts arising or escalating. The Cabinet were informed to enable the Council to be able to this it uses a new software system called "Lateral" to enable it to have a shared view of debt across the Council. This system identifies people that were vulnerable and be able to point them to get debt advice to help avoid them getting into further debt.

Councillor T Belben presented the Overview and Scrutiny Commission's comments on the report <u>OSC/308</u> to the Cabinet following consideration of the matter at its meeting on 30 January 2023, which included their support for proposed centralised approach to debt management and the support the Council was proposing to provide to its residents.

Councillors S Mullins, and Jhans spoke as part of the discussion and in support of the report.

#### RESOLVED

That the Cabinet:

- a) approves the Corporate Debt Policy (Appendix A of report <u>FIN/610</u>) for adoption and subsequent publication.
- b) delegates authority to the Head of Corporate Finance, in consultation with the Leader, to review and make amendments to the Corporate Debt Policy as further changes to legislation and statutory guidance are introduced.

(Generic Delegation 7 will be used to enact this recommendation).

#### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

The council has a duty to ensure that it collects income and recovers debt efficiently and effectively to ensure it fulfils its financial responsibilities to its citizens and maximises its capacity to provide local services.

The Council must meet legislative requirements in respect of income collection and has an obligation to collect on behalf of other organisations.

# 10. Corporate Plan 2023-2027

The Leader presented report <u>CEX/60</u> of the Chief Executive. The report documented a refresh the Council's Corporate Plan, so it reflected the Council's priorities for the period 2023-2027. The key changes within the Plan from the previous edition related to the Borough's recovery from the economy crisis and the impacts of the Covid pandemic, the impact of water neutrality on the built environment, the need for more affordable housing and temporary accommodation and the importance of reducing the Council's and the town's Carbon footprint, through the delivery of the Climate Emergency Action Plan.

The Cabinet acknowledged the Commission's comments of support for the proposed Corporate Plan as detailed in report <u>OSC/308</u> from its meeting held on 30 January 2023.

#### RESOLVED

That the Cabinet:

- a) approves the Corporate Plan 2023 2027 (Appendix A of report <u>CEX/60</u>)
- b) delegates authority to the Chief Executive, in consultation with the Leader of the Council, to make any minor amendments to the Corporate Plan including any changes to legislation and statutory guidance as required.

(Generic Delegation 7 will be used to enact this recommendation).

c) requests Full Council to adopt the Corporate Plan 2023 - 2027.

#### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

The Corporate Plan sets out the strategic direction of the Council for the next four years. Where necessary, it will be updated to ensure the Council's activities reflect the national and local challenges it faces.

#### 11. Irrecoverable Debts 2022-2023 (Over £50,000)

The Leader presented report <u>FIN/609</u> of the Chief Executive and Chief Accountant (s151 officer). The Council endeavours to collect all debts due to the Council, there will inevitably be some debts that remain irrecoverable. Individual debts of up to  $\pounds 50,000$  can be written-off using delegated powers. The report sought authority to write off individual debts in 2022 - 2023 of over  $\pounds 50,000$  and also provided a summary of debts written off using delegated authority:

#### RESOLVED

That the Cabinet approves the write-off irrecoverable debts totalling £154,931.53 as shown in the following table.

Name and Address	Reason for Write-Off	Total Value of Write-Off
Howell Transport and Haulage Ltd Barlow House, Crompton Way, Crawley RH10 9QB	In Liquidation	£154,931.53

### **Reasons for the Recommendations**

The Council's <u>Constitution</u> necessitates amounts exceeding £50,000 requiring writeoff to be approved by the Cabinet.

### **Closure of Meeting**

With the business of the Cabinet concluded, the Chair declared the meeting closed at 7.41  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{pm}}$ 

M G JONES Chair This page is intentionally left blank

# **Crawley Borough Council**

# Report to Overview and Scrutiny Commission 6 March 2023

# Report to Cabinet 8 March 2023

# **Tenancy Policy Crawley Homes**

Report of the Head of Crawley Homes CH/199

# 1. Purpose

1.1 To request approval for the adoption of the Tenancy Policy in Appendix A

# 2. Recommendations

2.1 To the Overview and Scrutiny Commission:

That the Commission consider the report and decide what comments, if any, it wishes to submit to the Cabinet.

2.2 To the Cabinet

That the Cabinet is recommended to:

- a) Approve the Tenancy Policy (Appendix A) for adoption and subsequent publication.
- b) Delegate authority to the Head of Crawley Homes, in consultation with the Cabinet member for Housing, to review and make amendments to the Tenancy Policy as further changes to legislation and statutory guidance are introduced. (Generic Delegation 7 will be used to enact this recommendation).
- c) Delegate to the Head of Crawley Homes the variation process required for introductory flexible tenancies under Section 103 of the Housing Act 1985 (Generic Delegation 3 will be used to enact this recommendation)

# 3. Reasons for the Recommendation

- 3.1. In line with the Localism Act 2011 and Regulatory Standards, it is a requirement for social landlords to have a policy in place which sets out their approach to offering tenancies and making best use of stock, as well as how they will manage and sustain tenancies.
- 3.2. The proposed Tenancy Policy sets out the Council's revised approach.

# 4. Background

- 4.1. The Council's initial Tenancy Policy came into effect in March 2013. This policy set out the Council's approach in line with 3.1, which included the use of offering flexible tenancies. The policy set out that flexible tenancies would be offered to the majority of new Crawley Homes tenants that commenced on or after 1 April 2013, although secure periodic (sometimes referred to as 'lifetime') tenancies would continue to be offered in some circumstances.
- 4.2. The Tenancy Policy was reviewed in October 2017 and June 2018 with minor amendments to include the process for reviewing and renewing flexible tenancies.
- 4.3 The proposed Tenancy Policy is the latest iteration and includes a major change in policy direction to end the granting of new flexible tenancies to take effect from 1 April 2023.
- 4.4 From 1 April 2023 all new Council tenants will be offered secure periodic tenancies. Existing flexible tenants will be offered a new secure periodic tenancy to replace their flexible tenancy, the grant of these new tenancies will take place over a two year period commencing 1 April 2023 end ending 31 March 2025. Introductory flexible tenancies will be phased out using the provisions of section 103 of the Housing Act 1985 a process which can be commenced once the policy is approved. The policy contains provision to use flexible tenancies in some very limited circumstances, namely for certain non-successors.

# 5. Description of Issue to be Resolved

- 5.1 The Localism Act 2011 introduced flexible tenancies to allow housing providers greater flexibility in making best use of their stock. The Tenancy Standard 2012 embeds the use of flexible tenancies for a minimum period of five years, or two years in exceptional circumstances.
- 5.2 The Council's <u>Tenancy Strategy</u> encourages registered providers to make the best use of stock to meet housing needs and recognises that certain tenancy types, such as flexible tenancies, are more likely to facilitate this.
- 5.3 Flexible tenancies are secure tenancies offered for a fixed term. Since April 2013 the Council has offered five year flexible tenancies for the majority of new tenancies. We have granted 2289 flexible tenancies between 1 April 2013 and 31 December 2022.
- 5.4 Flexible tenancies allow the Council to review the housing needs of tenants towards the end of the five year fixed term period and consider an offer of a more suitable property in the following circumstances:
  - Where a property is under-occupied by two or more bedrooms
  - Over occupancy
  - Property no longer matches the tenant's needs e.g. property contains adaptations no longer needed
  - Where the council intents to dispose of or refurbish the property
- 5.5 The existing policy specifies that flexible fixed term tenancies would not usually be renewed at the end of the fixed term in the following circumstances:
  - Where it is deemed the tenant has conducted their tenancy in an unacceptable way and there has been a tenancy breach e.g. rent arrears or anti-social behaviour

- Where the tenant's financial circumstances have substantially improved.
- 5.6 Flexible tenancies present the Council with a number of difficulties and/or challenges associated with ongoing management. These include:
  - Complexities of seeking possession during the fixed term period associated with the need to follow the forfeiture process
  - Risks around waiving the right to forfeiture
  - The administrative process associated with reviewing a tenancy at the end of the term, which starts twelve months prior to the expiry of the tenancy
  - The administrative task associated with CORE returns
  - Complexities around mutual exchanges, including whether to assign or surrender and re-grant when completing an exchange.
  - Considerations to creating sustainable communities and providing long term security for tenants
- 5.7 Despite the number of management challenges there are also a variety of benefits to the Council of offering flexible tenancies. This is largely around making the best and most efficient use of stock ensuring that households are rightsized at the end of the fixed term, a particularly important tool in the context of our ability to enable downsizing which in turns assists in freeing up family sized accommodation for allocation through the housing register. It should be noted that downsizing can otherwise be difficult to achieve other than through negotiation or incentive. Furthermore, flexible tenancies act as a tool for managing tenancy conduct, including rent and ASB although other tools are available for managing this. The review process also gives us other opportunities such as the ability to identify non-occupation, poor property condition and vulnerability.
- 5.8 As per 4.4 it is proposed that the phasing out of existing flexible tenancies takes place between 1<sup>st</sup> April 2023 and 31<sup>st</sup> March 2025, we plan to address this by contacting tenants to surrender their existing tenancy with the grant of a new secure tenancy, we will do this in date order based on when the tenancy is due to expire at the rate of approximately 95 per calendar month. Tenants will need to agree to move over to a new secure, if they fail to agree or there are complexities associated with the grant of a new secure tenancy, such as difficulties associated with an absent joint tenant, they will need to remain as a flexible tenant until the position can be resolved or until their existing tenancy expires and is reviewed. Furthermore, we have a small number of flexible tenants who have a possession order against their existing tenancy, these tenants will remain on their current tenancy.
- 5.9 Paragraph 5.8 sets out the process we will follow to phase out flexible tenancies. However, a different process can be followed for the phasing out of introductory flexible tenancies using provisions set out in section 103 Housing Act 1985. For introductory tenancies we can vary their agreement by a preliminary notice followed by a variation notice under section 103 of that Act so that their agreement states that at the end of the introductory period the tenancy will become periodic. The provisions of section 103 cannot be used for tenants on existing fixed term flexible tenancies.
- 5.10 There are a number of other minor variations and/or additions to the revised Tenancy Policy, aside from the move away from flexible tenancies, these are as follows:
  - The Council's use of non-secure tenancies and licences
  - The Council's approach to decanting tenants where planned works are likely to cause major disruption and/or where there has been an incident requiring an emergency decant
  - The Council's approach to delivering tenancy support

# 6. Information & Analysis Supporting Recommendation

6.1 This major revision to the Tenancy Policy concerns the end of the granting of flexible tenancies. This decision is based on the fact that the Council has had limited success to date creating opportunities for best use of stock through the review process at the end of the tenancy fixed term. The Council has created 2289 flexible tenancies to date and reviewed approximately 500 of those that have come to the end of their term. Of those only 10 tenancies (2%) have either not been renewed at the original address or not renewed at all, as follows:

Reason for non-renewal	Outcome
Under-occupancy by two or more	1 tenant has been moved to a smaller
bedrooms	property
Over occupancy	No tenants have been moved to larger
	properties
Property no longer matches the tenants	1 tenant has been moved to a more suitable
needs	property, freeing up a disabled adapted unit.
Where tenant's financial circumstances	No tenants have not had their tenancy
have substantially improved	renewed
To dispose of or refurbish a property	No tenants have been moved
Where the tenancy has not been	8 cases have resulted in possession claims,
conducted appropriately	though to date, 2 court orders have been
	granted on the mandatory ground of not
	renewing the tenancy resulting in eviction

- 6.2 Whilst the above shows limited outcomes in terms of making best use of stock it must be seen in the context of the small percentage (less than 30%) of the Council's stock which is let on a flexible tenancy and the limited number of those tenancies that have been subject to review to date.
- 6.3 Retaining flexible tenancies and the associated review process, despite the limited results to date, would allow the Council the opportunity to continue to have some control over managing occupancy. And it should be noted that as the number of flexible tenancies grow and are managed over a longer duration there is potential for outcomes to change and produce more widespread results, particularly in relation to underoccupation.

# 7. Implications

**Financial implications** 

7.1. This revised policy, despite offering a major change in our approach to offering tenancies, will not require additional finances to administer. However, over the longer term we may need to consider revising our approach to offering financial incentives to continue to encourage downsizing. We also need to consider implications on the potential supply of family sized accommodation for accommodating families owed a housing duty under the Housing Act 1996.

#### Legal implications

- 7.2 Reviewing and updating the tenancy policy ensures the Council is compliant with the Localism Act and regulatory standards.
- 7.3 There are a number of legal complexities associated with enforcing breach of tenancy conditions during the period of a flexible tenancy as referenced in 5.6. The requirements for undertaking enforcement and possession were tested in 2022 in the case of Croydon LBC v Kalonga. The process is far more technical and complex than dealing with possession of a secure tenancy, it therefore carries greater risk of

error occurring and the potential for inadvertently waiving the right to forfeiture and then the ability to seek possession, in consequence enforcement requires a greater level of support from the Council's Legal Services Team. Risks and costs are therefore mitigated through the major change proposed to the Tenancy Policy.

#### **Staffing implications**

- 7.4 The review process for flexible tenancies places an administrative burden on housing staff, withdrawing the review process from workload would free up capacity. Whilst there is no intention to streamline the housing team as a result of this change, it does provide an opportunity for redistributing resource such as reallocating general tenancy management resource into tenancy sustainment or creating new opportunities. For example, the process of undertaking a flexible tenancy review provides us with an opportunity for identifying where someone is not managing the property or their tenancy, when this might otherwise not be on our radar. If we remove this opportunity we need to explore new ways of creating similar chances, such as through tenancy audits. However, we will need to manage the process of phasing out flexible tenancies over the next two years before we are able to look at these other opportunities.
- 7.5 Phasing out flexible tenancies through tenants surrendering their existing tenancy and granting a new secure tenancy will need to be completed at a rate of approximately 95 tenancies per calendar month over the next two years; it is likely that this is manageable within current housing resource as this work will replace the existing renewal process. Whilst we do not review this number of flexible tenancies in any one month, we expect the process of granting a new secure tenancy to be less onerous thereby allowing us the capacity to process this volume each month. However, some cases will be more complex than others to complete and will have an impact on resource in the Tenancy Management team, such as negotiating and liaising with joint tenants where one tenant is absent from the tenancy. It may be that some complex cases cannot be resolved in the two year phasing out period. It is not possible to predict what this will look like, but the impact will need to be kept under review.
- 7.6 Input will be required from Legal Services to draft a revised tenancy agreement and communications explaining the change, this will need to include provision in the agreement for transferring any arrears in rent owed at the time of granting the new secure tenancy. Input will also be required from Legal Services to support the section 103 process to vary introductory flexible tenancies as described in paragraph 5.9. Ongoing input from legal services will also be needed to manage any complex cases arising, such as with absent joint tenants, as referenced in paragraph 7.5.

#### Equality Implications

7.7 An equality impact assessment has been completed for the revised policy with positive implications recorded against all protected characteristics. This is shown in Appendix B.

#### 8. Alternative Options

8.1 There are positive and negative outcomes associated with the major change being proposed to the Tenancy Policy. An alternative to the policy change proposed would be to consider retaining flexible tenancies but offer them over a longer term fixed period, such as ten years instead of five years. This would provide greater security for tenants whilst allowing the Council to retain some control in making best use of stock and lessening the demand on staffing resources.

# 9. Background Papers

None

Report author and contact officer:

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# **Crawley Borough Council**

### **Tenancy Policy**

#### 1 <u>Context</u>

- 1.1 The need for a Tenancy Policy arises out of a range of social housing reforms set out in the Localism Act 2011 and through changes to the regulatory standards that all social landlords are expected to meet.
- 1.2 The requirement to produce a Tenancy Policy is set out in the Regulatory Framework for Social Housing produced by the Homes and Communities Agency (2012). The Tenancy Standard states:

Registered providers shall offer tenancies or terms of occupation which are compatible with the purpose of the accommodation, the needs of individual households, the sustainability of the community, and the efficient use of their housing stock

1.3 In addition, the Standard also states;

Registered providers shall publish clear and accessible policies which outline their approach to tenancy management, including interventions to sustain tenancies and prevent unnecessary evictions and tackling tenancy fraud.

- 1.4 This policy sets out how Crawley Borough Council will use the range of options available in the Localism Act to assist in meeting its strategic aims as outlined in its Tenancy Strategy (2019 and updated in November 2022) and should be read in conjunction with this.
- 1.5 This policy applies to Crawley Borough Council's own housing stock and includes our approach to:
  - The types of tenancy we will grant
  - The circumstances in which we may grant certain types of tenancy
  - Our approach to sustaining tenancies, providing support to vulnerable tenants, and preventing unnecessary evictions
  - Incentives to encourage mobility and address under-occupation

#### 2 Policy Details

- 2.1 This policy covers the Council's approach to the type of tenancy we will offer and how and how we will manage tenancies from 1 April 2023.
- 2.2 This policy aims to support sustainability in our local communities through the use of secure lifetime tenancies and proactive tenancy management. It also sets out approach to the use of social and affordable rents.
- 2.3 Except as described in 4.11 to 4.12 below, this policy does not cover the agreements or arrangements related to accommodation provided by the Council to people it accommodates under Part 7 of the Housing Act 1996.

#### 3. <u>Rents</u>

3.1 The Council will continue to charge social rents on all properties built prior to the introduction of affordable rent tenure in 2012, and also where social rent is a planning condition.

- 3.2 Affordable rent will generally be charged on all new rental properties built since 2012 although it will be dependent on how the scheme is funded and in some instances will be a requirement associated with government grants. Social rent may still be provided on a scheme-by-scheme basis but this will depend on the extent of grant funding that may be available, and on the viability of the scheme.
- 3.3 Affordable rent is set at 80% of market rent and may not exceed the Local Housing Allowance (LHA) rates, it is inclusive of service charge. We will obtain a valuation for all our affordable rent properties on an annual basis which will form the basis of evaluating rents for properties.
- 3.4 Social rent is set using the Rent Standard as defined by the Regulator of Social Housing. Social rents are lower than affordable rent.
- 3.5 Service charges will be set in addition to the social rent for properties where there are shared communal areas that need to be maintained.

### 4 The types and lengths of tenancies granted

#### **Flexible tenancies**

- 4.1 Except as set out in section 5.9 below, Crawley Borough Council will not grant flexible tenancies on or after 1 April 2023.
- 4.2 Any flexible tenancy in existence on 31 March 2023 will continue to be a flexible tenancy until an offer of a new secure periodic tenancy is made and accepted by the tenant. Any new secure periodic tenancy granted will include provision for any arrears of rent to be transferred from the previous flexible tenancy, the tenant will need to accept this provision when the new secure tenancy is granted. Any introductory flexible tenancy in existence on 31 March 2023 will continue to be introductory and will be varied using the provisions of section 103 Housing Act 1985, so that their agreement states that at the end of the introductory period the tenancy will become periodic.
- 4.3 If the tenant fails to accept the new secure periodic tenancy, including the transfer of arrears to the new tenancy, they will remain on a flexible tenancy.
- 4.4 Where there are complexities around resolving joint tenancies if one tenant has vacated the property, this may result in a tenancy remaining as a flexible tenancy until resolution can be reached between parties.
- 4.5 Existing flexible tenancies that have a possession order associated with them or where possession proceedings or other anti-social behaviour enforcement action has been taken (including service of notices), those tenants will not be offered a new secure periodic tenancy, unless there are exceptional circumstances. In the event that the Council decides not to apply to enforce a possession order in these cases, the term of their flexible tenancy will continue and the tenancy reviewed at the end of the period.
- 4.6 The above does not affect the Council's right to seek possession based on the mandatory ground (under section 107D of the Housing Act 1985) at the end of any flexible tenancy, and the Council reserves this right accordingly.
- 4.7 The action at 4.6 will be taken only in exceptional circumstances where there has been a serious breach of tenancy during the lifetime of the tenancy.

#### **Introductory Tenancies**

4.8 Except as described in 4.9 to 4.13 below, introductory tenancies will be offered to all new social housing tenants and will last for a twelve month term. At the end of a successful introductory period these tenancies will become secure periodic tenancies.

- 4.9 Introductory tenancies are permissible under the Housing Act 1996. The Council adopts the use of introductory tenancies to facilitate the provision of safe, clean and attractive neighbourhoods by encouraging people to adhere to their tenancy conditions from the outset of their tenancy. They enable quicker and firmer action to deal with nuisance and anti-social behaviour, non-payment of rent and other tenancy breaches.
- 4.10 If the tenancy conditions have been breached, then we will consider taking action to end the tenancy or extend the introductory tenancy for a further six months. If, following an extension to the introductory tenancy, the tenant has still failed to keep to the terms of their introductory tenancy we will consider taking action to end the tenancy.
- 4.11 The tenant has the right to request a review of a decision to either extend or end their Introductory Tenancy.

#### Secure "Lifetime" Tenancies

4.12 Aside from accommodation offered as described in sections 4.8, 4.13 to 4.16 and 5.9, all other people will be offered a secure periodic (or lifetime) tenancy.

### Non-secure tenancies

- 4.13 In some circumstances related to decanted introductory or secure tenants, the Council may grant non-secure tenancies, this is covered in section 6.
- 4.14 Although this policy does not cover the provision of accommodation under Part 7 of the Housing Act 1996, the Council may in exceptional circumstances grant an insecure tenancy of accommodation within its stock to households granted emergency temporary accommodation under that Act.

### Licences

- 4.15 The Council will offer an Excluded Licence to residents occupying the Council's own non-self contained hostel accommodation.
- 4.16 The Council will also offer a licence in some circumstances related to decanting residents due to emergency or urgent work, this is covered in section 6.

# 5 <u>Succession</u>

- 5.1 Succession refers to the process whereby a tenancy can sometimes be passed on to another member of the family when a tenant dies.
- 5.2 The Localism Act changed the succession rights for secure tenants whose tenancy commenced after 1 April 2012. Prior to that, there was a statutory right of succession to all introductory and secure tenancies conferred on the spouse/civil partner of the tenant, who lived with that tenant at the property at the time of the tenant's death, or if there was no spouse or civil partner, to a family member (as defined by the legislation) who lived with the tenant for 12 months prior to the tenant's death. The Localism Act provided that these rights continued in respect of all secure tenancies which were granted prior to 1 April 2012.
- 5.3 The changes made by the Localism Act (which applies to all secure tenancies granted on or after 1 April 2012) were as follows:
  - That the right of the spouse/civil partner will continue, but this will now also include co-habitees (a person who had been residing with the tenant as if married or as if in a civil partnership)
  - That if there is no spouse/civil partner/co-habitee residing at the property at the time of the tenant's death, succession to a family member will be possible if the

tenancy agreement expressly includes a term permitting this (this is a discretionary succession provision).

# **Tenancies granted before April 2012**

- 5.4 As shown in 5.2 a tenancy can be succeeded to by a spouse/civil partner who lived with the tenant at the property at the time of the tenant's death or if there is no spouse or civil partner, a family member can succeed to the tenancy who lived with the tenant for 12 months prior to the tenant's death.
- 5.5 Only one statutory succession is permitted.

#### Tenancies Granted between April 2012 and March 2013

5.6 The Council's tenancy agreement for tenancies entered into between 1 April 2012 to 31 March 2013 includes a discretionary succession provision in line with entitlement conferred to pre-April 2012 tenancies as shown in 5.4 and 5.5.

#### Tenancies Granted from 1 April 2013

5.7 Tenancies granted from 1 April 2013 do not have a discretionary succession provision in line with 5.4 and are only be able to be succeeded to in line with legislation, by either the spouse, civil partner or co-habitee (a person who had been residing with the tenant as if married or as if in a civil partnership) who occupied the tenanted property as their only or principal home at the time of the tenant's death. Only one statutory succession is permitted.

#### Family members who do not have the right to succeed to a tenancy

- 5.8 The <u>Council's Housing Allocation Scheme</u> allows for the allocation of accommodation in certain circumstances to family or household members unable to succeed.
- 5.9 Where, upon the death of an introductory, secure periodic or flexible tenant, there is no person qualified to succeed to the tenancy but there is an immediate family member of the deceased tenant who resided with the tenant throughout the period of 5 years ending with the tenant's death, the Council may offer them a flexible tenancy. Flexible tenancies granted in these circumstances will be in respect of a property which meets their needs (i.e. not necessarily the deceased tenant's property) and for a 2-year non-renewable term. This is to give them the opportunity to plan for alternative housing and provide some short-term stability following bereavement. At the end of a 2 year flexible tenancy to arise, although the Council would consider departing from this policy in exceptional cases where the Council likely owes the person the Main Homeless Duty. Appendix 1 sets out the details of the tenant's right of a review of decisions pertaining to the offer of a flexible tenancy and the decision not to offer a new flexible tenancy.
- 5.10 In cases where there is no legal right to succeed, but where the Council owes that person the Main Homeless Duty, an offer of a direct let of suitable accommodation may be made. The offer will not necessarily be in respect of the property that they are currently living in.
- 5.11 Where there is no right to succeed and the circumstances at 5.9 or 5.10 are not met, officers will be sensitive and provide support and allow reasonable time for the occupants to find alternative accommodation, which may include signposting to other agencies and other Council departments.
- 5.12 Any non-successor(s) will be charged for use and occupation of the property after the deceased tenant's tenancy has been ended and until such time they vacate the property. The charges will be at the equivalent rate of rent for that property.

5.13 Where a person claims that they are a successor but the Council, after considering the evidence available, decides that the person is not a successor, the Council will conduct a review of this decision via the Council complaints procedure if requested to do so by the non-successor.

### Offer of alternative accommodation following succession

- 5.14 If a person succeeds to a tenancy of a property that is larger than their housing needs, or the property is in a sheltered housing scheme or the property has adaptations which are no longer required by the tenant/their household, the Council will offer an alternative property more suited to their needs.
- 5.15 Where the Council chooses to offer an alternative property more suited to their needs, any such offer will be of the type of tenancy held by the deceased tenant unless it is a five year fixed term tenancy, in which case we will offer a secure periodic tenancy.
- 5.16 We will consider enforcing the grounds set out in the Housing Act 1985 if the resident fails to cooperate with the policy requirements set out at 5.14 and 5.15.

#### 6 Decanting tenants due to significant planned or emergency works

- 6.1 On occasion, it may be necessary to carry out extensive repair works to a property either of a planned nature or following an unplanned incident such as a fire. Where possible, these works are carried out with the tenant in situ. However, on rare occasions it may be necessary to offer alternative property on a temporary or permanent basis.
- 6.2 Tenants who are decanted will be offered a licence or non-secure tenancy dependent on the circumstances. If the decant is intended to last very short term we will usually offer a licence, if the decant is intended to last over a longer period, such as one to six months, we will usually offer a non-secure tenancy.
- 6.3 An offer of a permanent move to a like for like alternative property may be made if any of the following applies, in other circumstances the move will be temporary:
  - the proposed works are likely to take more than 6 months to be completed
  - the tenant or a member of the household has a vulnerability that may be impacted by the insecurity of moving temporarily to another property

#### 7 Mutual Exchanges

- 7.1 The Council enables tenants to gain access to opportunities to exchange their tenancy with that of another social housing tenant, by way of an internet-based mutual exchange service. Tenants may also seek to find a mutual exchange using other means.
- 7.2 Where a mutual exchange is proposed, and one or more of the tenants holds a flexible tenancy, if the exchange proceeds we will offer the tenant transferring into the property(ies) of the flexible tenant(s) a secure periodic tenancy rather than the assignment of the existing flexible tenancy.

#### 8 <u>Under-occupation</u>

8.1 The Council operates a <u>Under Occupation Incentive Scheme</u> which offers a financial incentive to tenants when they move to a smaller size property and the Housing Allocation Policy gives additional priority to tenants wishing to downsize.

#### 9 <u>Tenancy Support</u>

- 9.1 Our tenant services are person-centred around early intervention and providing tailored support to help sustain tenancies and to the meet the varying needs of our tenants who can become vulnerable at any point during the lifetime of their tenancy.
- 9.2 We have an in-house Tenancy Support Officer, Financial Inclusion Officer, and Older Persons Support team who along with our Housing Officers offer a number of interventions to help tenants achieve a greater degree of security including:
  - Carrying out affordability assessments where appropriate prior to the letting of a new tenancy where the tenant is not currently a social housing tenant or where the tenant is being offered an affordable rent property.
  - Increased support to tenants through new tenant visits for vulnerable tenants
  - The provision of issue specific advice and support, including advice in relation to budgeting, managing debt, maximising income and claiming benefits
  - Provision of a specialist Older Person's Support Service which includes the provision of housing related support to promote independence for tenants in sheltered housing or tenants in general needs accommodation over the age of 60, or over the age of 55 for those with a mental health of physical disability.
  - Provision of additional support from the Tenancy Support Officer where the tenancy is at risk and the tenant has a need for additional support for period of time to help sustain the tenancy
  - Referral and signposting to range of specialist external support agencies and services
  - Advice and support from other Council departments and services

#### 10 <u>Preventing evictions</u>

- 10.1 As far as possible the Council seeks to minimise the number of evictions that are carried out. We will work proactively to assist in sustaining tenancies with evictions usually taking place as a last resort once other informal and formal measures have been exhausted. Where evictions do take place, these are largely associated with non-payment of rent or antisocial behaviour, and our approach to proactively managing these tenancy issues are set out below as an example of our approach:
  - Income management Our income management team seek to proactively address any payment problems as quickly as possible in order to prevent debts accruing. We encourage people to contact us with any problems that they have in paying their rent and aim to provide tailored support to try to resolve any issues preventing non-payment. We also employ Financial Inclusion Officers and refer tenants for specialist benefits advice or debt counselling. We comply with the court's pre-action protocol.
  - Anti-social behaviour Our Nuisance and Anti-Social Behaviour team proactively tackle all neighbour and anti-social behaviour issues as quickly as possible and aim to work constructively with victims and perpetrators to try to find amicable solutions.

10.2 Where informal strategies for resolving anti-social behaviour and other tenancy breaches is not successful or possible, the proportionality of legal action will be considered to determine the most reasonable and proportionate form of action. However, where tenancy breaches continue or the breach is serious and/or there is a risk of harm to other residents or staff, action may be taken to recover possession of a property swiftly and/or to seek other legal remedies, such as injunctions.

# 11 Tackling fraud

- 11.1 We take a proactive approach to addressing housing fraud, this begins at sign up and includes the requirement for tenants to submit a photo to be kept on file alongside their tenancy agreement and re-checking of identification prior to signing of the tenancy. Rechecking of identification may also take place during the tenancy, in order to re-verify identity.
- 11.2 Targeted tenancy checks will be carried out where tenancy fraud is suspected to ensure that the property continues to be occupied by the tenant it was let to. We will take immediate action to recover properties that have been sub-let or that are unoccupied. This enables us to make best use of our properties to help meet housing need.
- 11.3 Where tenancy fraud is suspected a referral is made to the Council specialist fraud investigation team.

# 12 <u>Exceptional circumstances</u>

12.1 The Head of Crawley Homes or any other duly authorised officer, may make a decision which departs from this Policy in exceptional circumstances. Any such decision will be made having taken into account all of the circumstances.

# 13 <u>Review of the Tenancy Policy</u>

- 13.1 The Tenancy Policy will be reviewed every three years, when the Tenancy Strategy is amended, or where there has been a significant change in circumstances, legislation, or related policy.
- 13.2 Any minor changes will be made in consultation with the Head of Crawley Homes and the Portfolio Holder for Housing.

# 14 <u>Consultation</u>

14.1 This Policy was reviewed by Crawley Homes Tenant and Leaseholder Action Panel for discussion and comment on 30 November 2022.

# 15 Equality Impact Assessment

15.1 An equality impact assessment has been completed in respect of this policy. No negative impacts are identified. Positive impacts are identified for all protected characteristics.

Appendix 1

# 1. Right of Review of Decisions relating to Fixed Term Flexible Tenancies

- 1.1 There is a statutory right to request a review of the following 2 types of decisions:
  - A person has the right to request a review of the Council's decision to offer a fixed term flexible tenancy (or the decision to serve a notice stating that on coming to an end of an introductory tenancy it will become a flexible tenancy of a certain length), if they believe the length of the tenancy offered is not consistent with this Policy.
  - A tenant has a right to request a review of the Council's decision not to offer a new tenancy on the expiry of their Fixed Term Flexible Tenancy.
- 1.2 A person who wishes to request a review must do so before the end of the period of 21 days beginning with the day on which the notice of the decision is served.
- 1.3 The administrative arrangements for requesting and conducting a review will be set out in the offer/decision letter. The Flexible Tenancies (Review Procedures) Regulations 2012 set out the procedure to be followed and include a right for the tenant(s) / potential tenant(s) to request an oral hearing.

#### Appendix B

#### **Equality Impact Assessment**

#### 1. Introduction

Division:	Crawley Homes
Name of activity:	Revision of the Crawley Homes Tenancy Policy
Type of activity: A change to an existing activity (including ceasing that activity)	
	If other, please specify:
	Click or tap here to enter text.
Completed by:	Clare Prosser
Date completed:	09/12/22
Date approved by Head of Service	Click or tap to enter a date.

### 2. About the activity

Please note the term "activity" is used here to include any new services proposed for introduction, changes to an existing service, withdrawal of an existing service, any new policy or strategy or change to an existing policy or strategy, and any project.

What is the main purpose of t Please explain in a short parage		
The tenancy policy sets out the management.	type of tenancies the council will grant and in which circumstances and outlines our approach to tenancy	
Why is it being introduced / re	eviewed / changed?	
This could be, for example because of new government legalisation or guidance, changing services user needs, or financial reasons		
The council's tenancy policy is being revised in line with the intention to stop granting and regranting 5 year flexible tenancies and to instead grant secure tenancies where flexible tenancies would previously have been granted or regranted		
Who is the intended audience	e or target group?	
Internal audience or group:	Staff & Councillors	
External audience or group:	Residents who use a particular service (please specify below)	
If other places specify below	and provide details how the audience or target group will benefit?	

Current and future Crawley Homes tenants who current hold or would have been granted a flexible tenancy in the future will be granted a secure 'lifetime' periodic tenancy which is provides more security of tenure than the current offer of flexible tenancy.

Have you already consulted on / researched the activity?

Please provide a brief explanation of the work that has been undertaken and any key findings / data. Are there any gaps that need further investigation?

Yes. The council's Tenant and Leaseholder Action Panel have been consulted on the revised tenancy policy and did not disagree with the intention to offer secure periodic tenancies in place of flexible tenancies

# 3. Assessing potential impact

When undertaking your assessment, it is important to think about every stage of the process regarding the activity. This includes the design phase, consultation, delivery phase and post completion of the activity. Information about the protected characteristic groups as defined by the Equality Act is available <u>here</u>. You should also use this assessment to consider impacts on other vulnerable groups such as those on low incomes.

Positive
Positive
-

Sex (male / female)	Positive
Sexual orientation (heterosexual, gay, lesbian, or bisexual,)	Positive
Whilst <b>Socio economic</b> disadvantage that people may face is not a protected characteristic; the potential impact on this group should be also considered	Positive

# What evidence has been used to assess the likely impacts?

(e.g. demographic profiles, research reports, academic research, benchmarking reports, consultation activities, staff surveys, customer surveys, public surveys, complaints, grievances, disciplinary cases, employment tribunal cases, ombudsman cases, media reports)

There is not considered to be a negative impact of the revision to the tenancy policy. Any other amendments or additions aside from the changes to the granting of flexible tenancies simply set out or clarify current policy and do not refer to any service changes.

# What resource implications are there to deliver actions from this EIA? (Quantify: people, time, budget, etc.)

Resources that would have been used to review flexible tenancies will be available to resource any impact of now offering secure tenancies

#### 4. Outcome following initial assessment

Does the activity have a <u>positive</u> impact on any of the protected groups, or contribute to promoting equality, Yes equal opportunities and improving relations within target groups?

If yes, record the evidence below. If no STOP and re-examine the activity.

Yes all protected groups will be offered a tenancy with a higher level of security either at the start of their tenancy or when their existing flexible tenancy expires.

Does the activity have a <u>negative</u> impact on any of the protected groups, i.e. disadvantage them in any way?	No
--	----

If yes, identify the necessary changes and record appropriate actions below. If no, record the evidence and assessment is complete.

Click or tap here to enter text.

#### 5. Decision following the initial assessment

Continue with existing activity or introduce new / planned activity	Yes
Amend activity based on identified actions	No

#### Has the EIA identified any positive or negative impact on any of the protected groups which requires action?

e.g., adjustments to the approach or documents, changes to terminology, broadening parameters of policy, etc. If so, record any actions to be undertaken and monitored

Impact identified	Action required	Lead Officer	Deadline

#### 6. Monitoring & Review

How do you propose to monitor and review the impact of your proposal?

Please outline how you will monitor the impact of your proposal, once implemented, on protected characteristic groups, and what the mechanisms for review are.

It is unlikely that anyone with a protected characteristic will be unhappy with the decision to offer them more security of tenure.

Date of last review or Impact Assessment:	09/12/22
Date of next 12-month review:	04/12/23
Date of next 3-year Impact Assessment (from the date of this EIA):	02/12/25
Date Sent to HR and Organisational Development Team:	Click or tap to enter a date.

By virtue of paragraph(s) 3 of Part 1 of Schedule 12A of the Local Government Act 1972.

# Agenda Item 9

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